

<p>The most important part of this problem is the base (the 2).</p>	<p>When expanding this logarithm, it is best to use the Product Property first.</p>
$\log_2(10) =$	$\log\left(d^2 \frac{f}{h}\right)$
<p>The most important part of this problem is the argument (the 10).</p>	<p>When expanding this logarithm, it is best to use the Quotient Property first.</p>
<p>When expanding this logarithm, it is best to use the Product Property first.</p>	<p>When expanding this logarithm, it is best to use the Product Property first.</p>
$\log\left(\frac{a^2 b}{c}\right)$	$\log\left(\frac{m^3}{p\sqrt{q}}\right)$
<p>When expanding this logarithm, it is best to use the Quotient Property first.</p>	<p>When expanding this logarithm, it is best to use the Quotient Property first.</p>
<p>The best first step is subtracting a log from both sides.</p>	<p>The best first step is _____.</p>
<p>Solve for x:</p> $\log(2x^2 + 8x) = \log(x + 4)$	<p>Solve for x:</p> $\ln(-3x - 10) - \ln(1) = 5$
<p>The best first step is removing the logarithm from both sides.</p>	<p>The easiest mistake to make is _____.</p>